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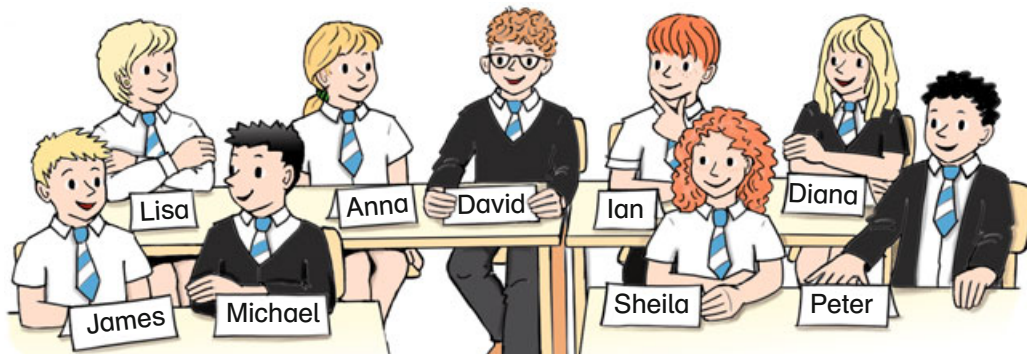
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Acting children

1 Anna and Michael are brother and sister and come from Scotland. Ian comes from Ireland, Lisa and Peter from Germany, Sheila from Northern Ireland, James from America and Diana from Wales. They live in Edinburgh in Scotland. They go to St Paul's High School. Anna, Ian, Sheila, Peter and Diana are eleven years old, Michael, Lisa and David are twelve years old.



2



Anna is Michael's sister.

James comes from America.

Diana is ten years old.

They go to St Peter's High School.

Ian lives in Edinburgh.

Sheila comes from Germany.

Michael is Sheila's brother.

Lisa comes from Northern Ireland.

Peter is ten years old.

Ian is eleven years old.

3

And you? What's your name?

How old are you?

Where do you live?

What's your school's name?



In the shopping centre the children go to the shops. At the jeweller's shop there is a customer in front of them. She wants to buy a golden ring. The shop assistant brings golden and silver ones. But the customer does not like them. She does not buy anything and leaves the shop. Michael gets his watch and pays. At the household goods shop they can see bedlinen and towels. There are many towels, big and small ones. And they see striped, coloured and dotted ones. Anna buys a small, striped towel. At the kitchen shop there are a lot of knives. Peter buys a sharp one.

2

What kind of ring does the customer want to buy?

She wants to buy a _____ one.

_____ towel does Anna buy?

She buys a small, _____.



3

What kind of rings does the shop assistant bring?

She brings _____ ones.

_____ towels are at the household goods shop?

There are _____, _____, _____, _____ and _____.

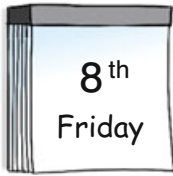
_____ knives are at the kitchen shop?

There _____.

Wenn man im folgenden Satz oder bei der Antwort das Substantiv nicht noch einmal verwenden möchte, verwendet man **im Singular one** **im Plural ones**

1

Today



Today Aisha is playing tennis.

Yesterday Aisha played tennis.



Today David is playing football.

Yesterday



Yesterday David _____ football.

Today Peter _____ handball.

Yesterday Peter _____ handball.

2



Yesterday I played tennis.

Yesterday I _____ football.



Yesterday I _____ handball.

3



Today Anna is dancing.

Yesterday Anna _____.



Today Keira is climbing.

Yesterday Keira _____.



Im Simple Past (einfache Vergangenheit) wird bei regelmäßigen Verben an den Infinitiv **ed** angehängt. Signalwörter dafür sind: **last year / month ...** (letztes Jahr/Monat ...), oder **yesterday**.

I played
you played
he / she / it played

we played
you played
they played

In allen Personalformen ist die Vergangenheitsform identisch.



Peter and Lisa are brother and sister. Every day they have / ~~are having~~ breakfast. This morning they eat / are eating cornflakes.



They go / are going to school by bus every day. But this morning Peter goes / is going by bike and Lisa walks / is walking to school. Every day they meet / are meeting Aisha and Ian on their way to school. This morning Peter meets / is meeting Daniel and Lisa meets / is meeting Mary. They stand / are standing in the school playground.



Every afternoon Peter does / is doing his homework. Today he writes / is writing in a hurry, because he thinks / is thinking of his friends. For the first time they play / are playing football in the big sports hall.



Lisa does / is doing her homework, too. But look: She is not writing / does not write. She looks / is looking at her mobile phone: Her friends wait / are waiting in the town to go shopping.



Look! Mum comes / is coming in. Both children work / are working. Mum laughs / is laughing.

VOCABULARY

both – beide
in a hurry – in Eile
way to school – Schulweg

for the first time – zum ersten Mal
mobile phone – Mobiltelefon, Handy
school playground – Schulhof

VERBS

to laugh – lachen
to meet, met – treffen
to wait – warten